

ES

- Presence of electrical charges-

- Stationary

- moving

- interaction

- by position & mag.

- Electrons Protons Neutrons and Ions

- Electrons

- $m_e : 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ Kg [1/1837 } M_p]$

- $q_e : -1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$

- Protons

$$m_p : 1.7 \times 10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$$

$$q_p : 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

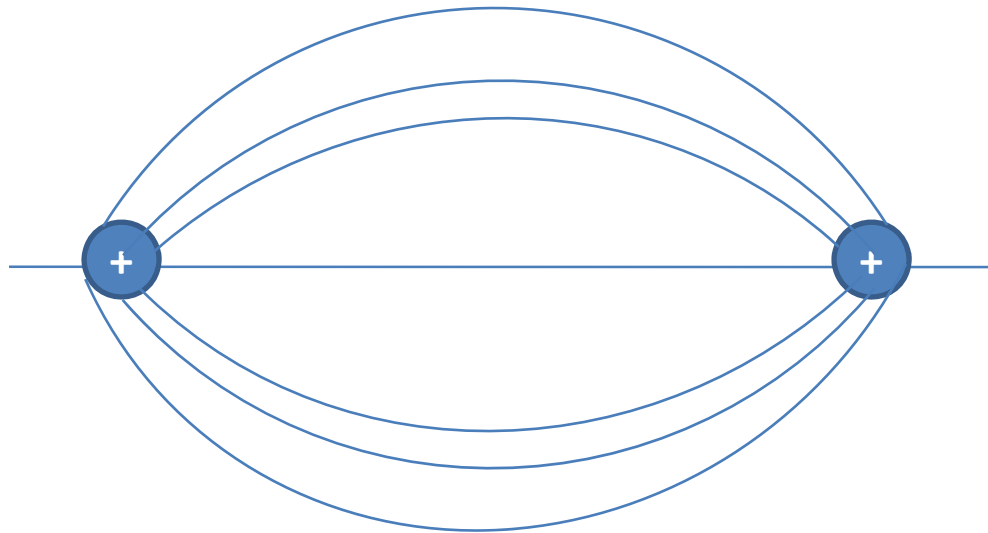
Hydrogen-

Simple Atom - $1e^-$ & - $1p^+$

- Good source of +ve ions
- Molecules are neutral
- Electro negative Cl, F, O Case of add e^-
- Electro positive H, Na, K Case of Release of e^-

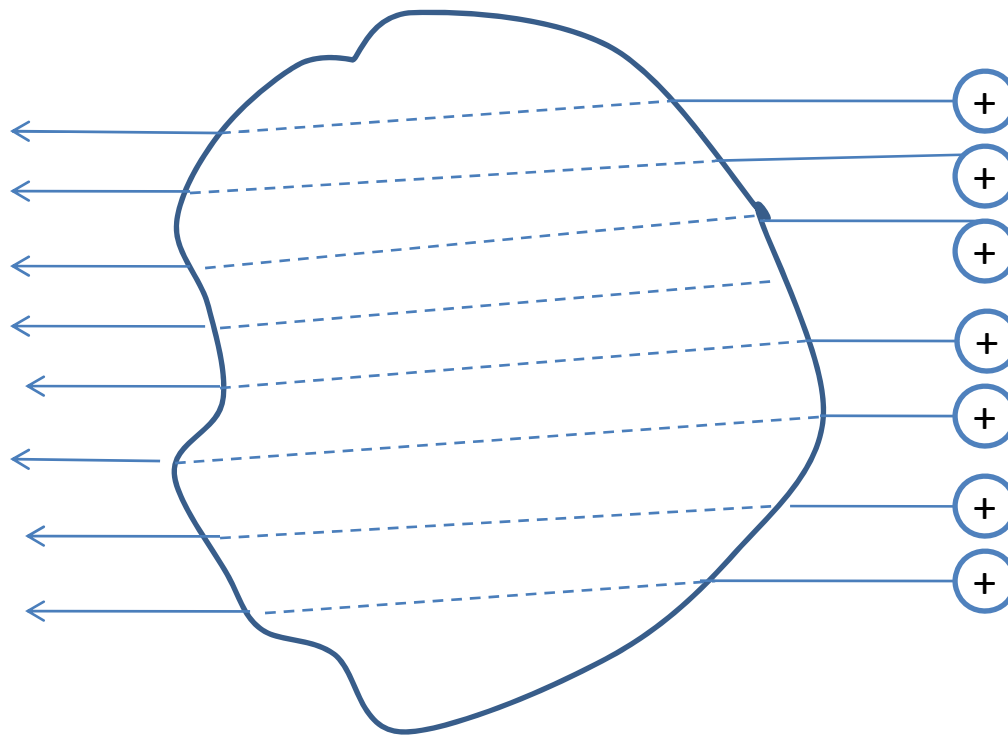
Ion- Charged particle of Atomic-Molecular Size

- Electric Fields



$$E = F/q \text{ N/C or V/m}$$

Movement contributes current I- Net Charge per unit time



Per unit area - Current density J A/m^2

Solids – Rigidly held – subject to vibration

-heated – e^- are free to move – good conductor.
difficult to move – poor conductor.
do not move at all – Dielectric.

Conductivity- tells us this property

$$J = \sigma E \text{ A/m}^2$$

$$E = \rho J \text{ V/m}$$

Al 3.5×10^7 S/m

Cu 5.8×10^7 S/m

Ni 1.0×10^6 S/m

Ag 6.1×10^7 S/m

W 1.8×10^7 S/m

Quartz 2×10^{-17} S/m

Wood 3×10^{-9} S/m

Conduction in Liquids:

Molten metal – free e^-

Liquids – ions

e^- released from Cathode from Cation

e^- absorbed at anode from Anion

Anion -- Anode

Cation -- Cathode

Current

$V = \mu E$ m/s where μ = mobility m^2/vs

$J = nqv$ A/ m^2

$$J = nq\mu E$$

$$= (n_+ q_+ \mu_+ + n_- q_- \mu_-) E \text{ A}/m^2$$

$$\sigma = (n_+ q_+ \mu_+ + n_- q_- \mu_-) \text{ S}/m$$

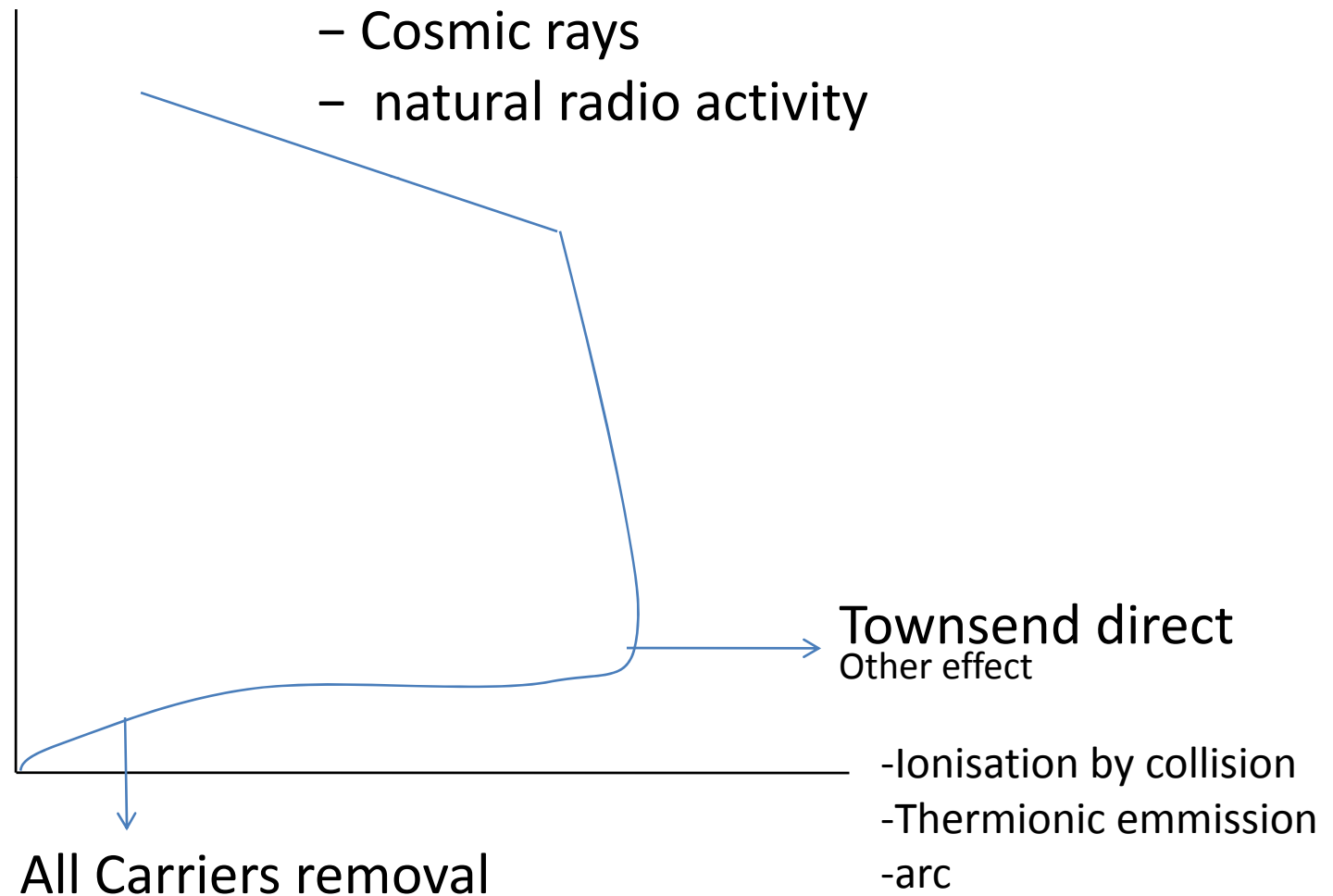
$$\sigma \downarrow \mu \downarrow n \downarrow$$

Conduction in Gases & vacuum:

Follows Liquid

All gases – have few ions and e^- present

- Cosmic rays
- natural radio activity



Corona

- Sharp points- radius of curvature is small
- $E \uparrow$
- Corona

+ve

- ✓ e^- are accelerated towards point
- ✓ Ionize gas

-ve

- ✓ e^- come from secondary emission

When close to other electrode- break down occur

Convective charging-Vande Graph Generator

Inductive Charging-

Insulators and Dielectrics

Low bulk Conductivity- Zero Conductivity

Good Insulators:

Quartz

Sulphur

Sealing wax

Clean Surface – Dry Surface

Reduce leakage – by deep Cut slots

$$W = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon E^2$$

Bakelite	4.9
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Porcelain	7.0
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